aug. 24, London in 1765-67.

THE [NUMB. 1772.]

South-Carolina GAZETTE.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 31, 1769.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 31, 1769.

THE GENERAL COMMITTEE desire a General Meeting of the INHABITANTS, To-morrow, being FRIDAY, the First of SEPTEMBER, at Four o'Clock in the Afternoon, at LIBERTY-TREE; in order to determine on such Measures as may most EFFECTUALLY contribute to the *carrying into Execution, and strict Observance of, their late* RESOLUTIONS; and to consider of other Matters for the General Good. JOHN NEUFVILLE, *Chairman.*

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

AN ACT to encourage the discovery and apprehending of House-Breakers, and Buyers and Receivers of stolen Goods.

WHEREAS the crimes of burglary and breaking open houses, in a felonious manner, are of late years become more frequent than formerly, to the great disquiet, terror, and impoverishing of his Majesty's subjects within this province; which crimes might be in great measure prevented, if due encouragement be given to such as shall vigorously endeavour the discovery and apprehending of such malefactors, and some severe punishment inflicted on such as shall receive or buy stolen goods, and harbour and protect the said offenders: For remedy whereof, we pray your Most Sacred Majesty that it may be enacted, *And be it enacted*, by the Honourable WILLIAM BULL, Esq; Lieutenant-Governor, and Commander in Chief, in and over his Majesty's province of SOUTH-CAROLINA, by and with the advice and consent of his Majesty's Honourable Council, and the Commons House of Assembly of the said province, and by the authority of the same, That from and after the expiration of one month, after the passing of this act, all and every person and persons, who shall apprehend and take any white person or persons, guilty of burglary, or the felonious breaking and entering of any house, in the day time, and prosecute him, her or them so apprehended and taken, until he, she or they, be convicted of such burglary or felony, shall have and receive, the sum of *Ten Pounds* proclamation money, within one month after such conviction; to be paid by the Public-Treasurer of this province, out of any monies lying in the treasury, to the person or persons so taking, apprehending and prosecuting the said offenders; he and they rendering a certificate to the said Treasurer, under the hand or hands of the Judges or Justices before whom such felon shall be convicted, for such burglary or felony, certifying the conviction of such felon, for the said offence or offences, and also, that such felon or felons was, or were taken by the person or persons claiming the said reward. And, in case any dispute shall happen to arise, between the persons so apprehending any the said felons, touching their right and title to the said reward, that then, the said Judge or Justices, so respectively certifying as aforesaid, shall, in and by their said certificate, direct and appoint the said reward to be paid to and amongst the parties claiming the same, in such shate and proportions as to the said Judge or Justices shall seem just and reasonable.

II. *And be it further enacted*, by the authority aforesaid, That in case any Constable, Watch-man, or any other person or persons, having a wife or children living, shall happen to be killed, maimed or disabled from labour, by any such burglar or house-breaker, in endeavouring to apprehend, or in making pursuit after him or them, that then such person, in case he shall be maimed or disabled, shall be intitled to the same rewards as are allowed, by the Militia-Act, to poor free-men and white servants, maimed or disabled in the public service. And in case such persons shall happen to be killed, then the wives and children of such persons so killed, shall be intitled to the same rewards as the wives and children of poor free-men and white servants, killed in the public service are intitled unto by virtue of the said act, upon a certificate, under the hands and seals of two of the next Justices of the Peace, of such person or persons being so killed, maimed, or disabled from labour; which certificate the said Justices, upon sufficient proof before them made, are immediately required to give, without fee or reward.

III. *And forasmuch* as the said felons are much encouraged to commit such burglaries and felonies, because a great number of persons make it a trade, to receive and buy of the said felons, the goods so by them feloniously-taken; and also to make it their business to harbour and conceal the said offenders, after the said facts, knowing the said felonies and burglaries to have been by them committed: *Be it therefore enacted*, by the authority aforesaid, That if any person or persons, shall receive or buy any goods or chattels, that shall be feloniously taken or stolen from any other person, knowing the same to be stolen, or shall receive, harbour or conceal, any burglars, felons, or thieves, knowing them to be so, shall be taken and received as accessary or accessaries to the said felony or felonies; and being of either of the said offences legally convicted, by the testimony of one or more credible witnesses, shall suffer and incur the pains of death as a felon convict. *Provided always*, That if any such principal felon, who shall commit such burglary or felony aforesaid, cannot be taken, so as to be prosecuted and convicted for any such offence, yet nevertheless, it shall and may be lawful, to prosecute and punish every such person and persons, buying or receiving any goods stolen by any such principal felon, knowing the same to be stolen, as for a misdemeanor, to be punished by fine, public whipping, and standing in the pillory, although the principal felon be not before convicted of the said felony, which shall exempt the offender from being punished as accessary, if such principal felon shall be afterwards taken and convicted; any law, usage or custom to the contrary notwithstanding.

IV. *And be it further enacted*, by the authority aforesaid, That the Judge or Justices (before whom such felons and house-breakers, and receivers of stolen goods, knowing them to be such, shall be convicted as aforesaid) shall determine and settle, the right, rights and shares of such respective persons, who by virtue of this act, shall be entitled to the certificate and reward herein directed to be given; and shall also (being thereunto required) make out and deliver, or cause to be made out and delivered, the said certificate, without fee or reward, to such person or persons entitled thereunto, before the end of such assizes or sessions, wherein such conviction as aforesaid shall be had.

Passed the 23d Day of August, 1769, and published by Order.

New Advertisements.

Charles-Town, Aug. 28, 1769.

TO BE SOLD,

On THURSDAY the 7th Day of SEPT. next,

A CARGO OF

Two Hundred & Eighty

PRIME, HEALTHY, YOUNG

NEGROES:

ARRIVED this Day, in the Snow JOHN, JOHN FLETCHER Master, directly from the WINDWARD and GRAIN COAST, by BREWTON, DOYLEY, & BREWTON.

To be Lett, or Sold,

(And entered upon immediately.)

A LOT, Stores and Wharf, in *George-Town*, lately occupied by Messrs. GODFREY & GADSDEN, being in the best Situation for Trade: Also, Three other LOTS adjoining. Any Person inclinable to hire or purchase the same, may apply to CHRISTOPHER GADSDEN.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 29th, 1769.

THE Honourable the CHURCH-COMMISSIONERS are hereby summoned to meet, in the *Council-Chamber*, on *Friday* the 8th Day of *September* next, at 10 o'Clock in the Forenoon.

By Order of His Honour the Lieut. Gov.
JAMES JOHNSTON, Clerk.

PHILIP HAWKINS, & Comp.

Have just imported, in the MERMAID, *Capt.* SAMUEL BALL;

A FRESH Assorment of Irish Linens, a few Pieces of flowered Book Muslins, Men and Womens Silk and Thread Hose; Which, with their large Assortment of Linen Drapery, and Hard Ware in general, will be sold cheap, at their Store in Tradd-Street, lately possessed by JOHN EDWARDS, & Co.---Also, a large Quantity of best blue and white Watchet Plains, of an extraordinary Width and Quality, Bristol and London Duffils.

SALES by the Provost-Marshal.

On TUESDAY *the* 12th *of* SEPTEMBER, *will be sold, at public Vendue, at the usual Place in Charles-Town:*

A PLANTATION OR TRACT OF LAND, containing 270 Acres, situate at Black-Mingo Bridge, bounded East by Alexander Tweed's land, West by William Thompson's Land, West by Black-Mingo Creek, and South by William Hall's Land; on the said Plantation is a good two-story House, and many Out-houses, late the Property of DAVID FULTON, and sold under Execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

At the same Time and Place, will also be SOLD;

THE remaining Part of a Lease (being ten Years to come from that Day) of the HOUSE, lately occupied by JAMES SIMPSON, Shoe-maker, fronting on Church-Street, subject to the Payment of the yearly Rent of £. 100 Currency, to Mrs. ELIZABETH PINCKNEY, sold under Execution, by

ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

To be Lett,

(And entered on immediately.)

THE HOUSE wherein Mrs. ELIZABETH HACKET, deceased, lately lived, containing twelve good Rooms, and other Conveniencies. Enquire of

(c. t. f.) THOMAS GRIMBALL, Jun.

ALL Persons who are indebted to the Estate of Mr. GEORGE MATTHEWES, late of Charles-Town, deceased, either by Bond, Note, or otherwise, are desired to have the same discharged, on or before the *First* Day of *January* next, as no further Indulgence can possibly be given: And those to whom the said Estate is indebted, are desired to make their respective Demands known by the said *First* Day of *January*, to

ROBERT RANDAL,
Aug. 28, 1769. JOHN MATTHEWES, sen. } *Executors.*
JOHN MATTHEWES, Jun. }

DANCING & FENCING.

T. PIKE's SCHOOLS will be opened for the ensuing Season, in the FIRST Week of SEPTEMBER, where Attendance is given every Day, from Five in the Morning until Nine in the Evening, as usual, opposite JOHN IZARD, Esquire's, in Church-Street.

SOUTH-CAROLINA.

In the COMMONS HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY, *the* 22d *Day of* AUGUST, 1769.

ORDERED,

THAT his Excellency the Governor's several Messages to this House, relative to the Troops now in this Province, with General Gage's Letter, and the Report of the Committee, and the Message of this House to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor thereupon, and all Matters relative thereto, be printed and made public.

By Order of the House,
THOMAS FARR, Jun. *Clerk.*

THURSDAY, *the* 30th *Day of* JUNE, 1769.

A Message from his Excellency the Governor, by the Master in Chancery, viz.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen,

I Send you a Copy of a Letter I have received from Major Chesolm, and strongly recommend the Contents of it to your Consideration, in regard to the providing the King's Troops with such Things as may be requisite.

June 28, 1769. C. G. MONTAGU.

COPY of Major Chesolm's Letter to his Excelleney.

May it please your Excellency,

I Am sensible whatever may be for his Majesty's Service, will be the Object of your Excellency's Attention, and therefore should not now have troubled your Lordship, if I did not think the Hardships the Soldiers have suffered, for the Want of Barrack Necessaries, especially of Fuel, of which the Quantity delivered is not near sufficient to dress Provisions for the Men, without any Allowance for the Officers, called on me again to lay their Case before your Excellency. I have the Honour to be,

MY LORD,
Your Excellency's most obedient,
And most humble Servant,
JAMES CHESOLM.

ORDERED,

That his Excellency's Message, with Major Chesolm's Letter, be referred to a Committee of the following Gentlemen, viz.

Mr. Lynch, Mr. Lowndes, Mr. Dart, Captain Gadsden, Mr. Moultrie, Mr. Williamson, Mr. John Huger, Mr. Poaug, and Dr. Oliphant.

SATURDAY, *the* 1st *Day of* JULY, 1769.

Captain Gadsden, from the Committee appointed on his Excellency the Governor's Message of the 28th of June last, and Major Chesolm's Letter, relative to Barrack Necessaries for the Soldiers, moved the House, That a Message be sent to the Governor, to desire that his Excellency will be pleased to inform this House, whether his Majesty's Troops now in this Province, are to garison the Frontier Forts, as have been done by the Independent Companies, and the several Detachments of his Majesty's Troops from Time to Time.

ORDERED,

That a Message be accordingly prepared, to be sent to his Excellency.

Accordingly the following Message was prepared, and sent to his Excellency:

May it please your Excellency,

THIS House humbly intreat your Excellency to inform them, whether his Majesty's Troops now in this Province, are to garison the Frontier Forts; a Duty which was formerly performed by the Independent Companies, and the several Detachments of his Majesty's Troops from Time to Time.

By Order of the House,
July 1, 1769. PETER MANIGAULT, *Speaker.*

TUESDAY, *the* 4th *Day of* JULY, 1769.

A Message from the Governor by the Clerk of the Council, viz.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen,

FOR Answer to your Message, dated this Day, I send you a Copy of General Gage's Letter to me, before the Arrival of the Troops in this Province.

July 1, 1769. C. G. MONTAGU.

COPY of General Gage's Letter to his Excellency.

New-York, October 8, 1768.

MY LORD,

AS I am apprehensive that there will be a larger Number of Troops assembled at St. Augustine, than we shall be able to lodge during the Winter; and that the Barracks, which are ordered to be erected there for their Reception, will not be completed in Time to receive them, before the Severity of the Winter approaches; I am to beg the Favour of your Lordship, to give Directions, that such a Number of the said Troops, as Brigadier-General Haldimand shall not be able to put under Cover at St. Augustine, may be provided with Quarters, in the Barracks of Charles-Town, till next Spring.

Brigadier Haldimand will acquaint your Lordship of the Number he will be obliged to require Quarters for; and, at the same Time, will dispatch an Officer to take up small Vessels at Charles-Town, in order to transport the Troops from St. Augustine. In the doing which, I am also to beg the Favour of your Lordship's Assistance. I have the Honour to be,

With great Truth and Regard,
Your Lordship's most obedient, humble Servant,
THOMAS GAGE.

ORDERED,

That his Excellency's Message, and General Gage's Letter, be referred to the Committee that was appointed on his Excellency's Message of the 28th of June last, relative to the Troops in this Province.

THURSDAY, *the* 27th *Day of* JULY, 1769.

A Message from the Governor, by the Clerk of the Council, viz.

Mr. Speaker and Gentlemen,

EARLY in your late Convention, I sent a Message to you, desiring you would provide Barrack Necessaries for his Majesty's Troops now quartered in this Province: as I received no Answer to it, and the Troops are suffering great Inconveniences for Want of them, I again repeat my Requisition to you upon that Head.

July 27th, 1769. C. G. MONTAGU.

ORDERED,

That the Committee that was appointed on the 30th of June last, on his Excellency the Governor's Message, relative to the Troops now in this Province, be now revived; and that the Message of his Excellency of this Day, be referred to the said Committee.

SATURDAY, *the* 29th *Day of* JULY, 1769.

ORDERED,

That a Message be prepared to be sent to the Governor, in Answer to his Excellency's Message of the 27th Instant, to acquaint his Excellency, That this House having been closely engaged in the Consideration of the Circuit-Court Bill, since the late Prorogation, the Committee have not yet had Time to make a Report

upon the Subject Matter of that Meſſage; but that this Houſe will give that Buſineſs all convenient Diſpatch.

Accordingly the following Meſſage was prepared, and ſent to his Excellency, viz.

May it pleaſe your Excellency,

THIS Houſe, upon receiving your Excellency's Meſſage of the 27th Inſtant, relating to his Majeſty's Troops in this Province, immediately referred the ſame to the Conſideration of a Committee.

But the Attention of the Houſe having, ſince the late Prorogation, been almoſt entirely engroſſed in the Conſideration of the Circuit-Court Bill, the Committee have not yet had Time to make a Report upon the Subject Matter of that Meſſage.

Your Excellency may be aſſured, that the Houſe will give that Buſineſs all convenient Diſpatch. *By Order of the Houſe,*

July 29, 1769. PETER MANIGAULT, Speaker.

THURSDAY, *the* 10*th Day of* AUGUST, 1769.

Mr. Lynch reported from the Committee, to whom his Excellency the Governor's ſeveral Meſſages to this Houſe, with General Gage's Letter, relative to the Troops now in this Province, were referred. And he read the Report in his Place, and afterwards delivered it in at the Table, where the ſame was read, and is as followeth, viz.

THAT, upon the moſt ſerious Conſideration of the Subject Matter of the ſaid Meſſages, they are of Opinion, that no Proviſion ought to be made for ſupplying the Troops now here, with Barrack Neceſſaries, notwithſtanding what has been done for the Forces formerly doing Duty in this Province; for the following Reaſons.

FIRST, Becauſe it appears clearly, from General Gage's Letter to the Governor, that the Troops in Queſtion, never were intended to do the Duty of Guards and Gariſons, which was always performed by the Detachments of his Majeſty's Forces that have been heretofore ſtationed in this Province.

SECONDLY, By the ſaid Letter it appears, that the only Reaſon of thoſe Troops being ſent here, was, that they could not be quartered in the Barracks at St. Auguſtine, where they were intended to be placed, and where they could not expect to be ſupplied with any Barrack Neceſſaries at the Expence of the Province.

THIRDLY, Becauſe General Gage has not in the Letter above mentioned, deſired his Excellency the Governor, to apply to this Houſe for any ſuch Neceſſaries.

And FOURTHLY, Becauſe there exiſts an Act of Parliament, for raiſing a Revenue in the Colonies for the Purpoſes of ſupporting and maintaining his Majeſty's Rights in America; by Virtue of which Act, a very large Revenue is actually levied on the Inhabitants of this Colony, out of which your Committee think the Expence in Queſtion ſhould be defrayed.

ORDERED,

That the ſaid Report be taken into Conſideration on Wedneſday next, the 16th Inſtant.

WEDNESDAY, *the* 16*th Day of* AUGUST, 1769.

The Houſe (according to Order) proceeded to take into Conſideration the Report of the Committee, to whom his Excellency the Governor's ſeveral Meſſages to this Houſe, with General Gage's Letter, relative to the Troops now in this Province, were referred; and the ſaid Report being read a ſecond Time,

RESOLVED,

That this Houſe do agree with the Committee in the ſaid Report.

ORDERED,

That a Committee of the following Gentlemen, be appointed to prepare a Meſſage to be ſent to the Lieutenant-Governor, to acquaint his Honour that this Houſe cannot agree to make any Proviſion for Barrack Neceſſaries for the Troops now in this Province, and that they do inſert in the ſaid Meſſage, ſuch farther Reaſons as may occur to them, in Addition to the Reaſons given in the ſaid Report, for not complying with his Excellency the Governor's Requiſition, viz.

Captain Gadſden, Mr. Rutledge, Colonel Laurens, Mr. Lynch, Mr. Daniel Horry.

SATURDAY, *the* 19*th day of* AUGUST, 1769.

Mr. Rutledge reported from the Committee appointed to prepare a Meſſage to be ſent to the Lieutenant-Governor, to acquaint his Honour that this Houſe cannot agree to make any Proviſion for Barrack Neceſſaries for the Troops now in this Province; and he read the Report in his Place, and afterwards delivered it in at the Table, where the ſame was read, and is as followeth, viz.

May it pleaſe your Honour,

THIS Houſe having maturely conſidered his Excellency the Governor's Application, for a Proviſion of Barrack Neceſſaries for his Majeſty's Troops now in this Province, with that Attention and Deliberation which the Importance of the Subject required, have reſolved not to make any ſuch Proviſion: and at the ſame Time, that we communicate this Reſolution to your Honour, we think proper to lay before you, the Reaſons upon which it is founded.

Had no other Circumſtance occured to render our defraying this Expence improper, than the long Interminſſion of the General Aſſembly, we ſhould have thought ourſelves juſtified by that alone, in refuſing it; the Charge being incurred without our Conſent, and at a Time when, according to the Directions of the Election Act, we ſhould have been convened. But there are ſeveral other weighty, and in our Opinion, unanſwerable Objections, to this being a Provincial Charge; for it appears from his Excellency General Gage's Letter to the Governor, that theſe Troops were not intended to do, and they never have done the Duty of Guards and Gariſons here, which has always been performed by the Detachments of his Majeſty's Forces, for whom Barrack Neceſſaries have been allowed, or Proviſion in Lieu thereof made by this Province.

The Reaſon of their being ſent hither, was not to bring any Expence upon the Province, but that they might be accommodated with our Barracks, there not being at that Time ſufficient Barracks at St. Auguſtine, where they were intended to be quartered; and we believe it would be a Matter of as great Surpriſe to his Excellency the General, as of Concern to our Conſtituents, to find us ſo deſirous of burdening them, as to provide for Troops deſtined for another Place, where they muſt have been maintained by the King, ſent hither merely for their own Convenience, unapplied for by the Province, and not doing or intended to do any Service or Duty here, altho' the Forts Prince-George and Charlotte, built by us, on the ſtrongeſt Recommendations from Government as abſolutely neceſſary, at conſiderable Coſt, without any to the Crown, have been for many Months paſt altogether abandoned.

If theſe Troops had been applied for by the Province, and had done Duty here, we ſhould have looked upon ourſelves well intitled to ſuch Protection and Support from his Majeſty, in common with his other Subjects, and not bound even in that Caſe to have made the Proviſion required; for your Honour well knows, that the Duties impoſed on and collected in this Province, to a conſiderable Amount, by Virtue of the Acts of Parliament for raiſing a Revenue in America, are by thoſe Acts expreſsly declared to be for defraying the Expence of protecting, defending, and ſecuring his Majeſty's Dominions in America; and therefore any Charge of this Sort, ſhould be paid out of that Fund.

Though we cannot omit this Occaſion of teſtifying our entire Approbation of the peaceable and orderly Behaviour of the Officers and Men, under the Command of Major Chefolm, during their Reſidence here: Yet, under the Circumſtances, and for the Reaſons above mentioned, we are conſtrained to refuſe making the deſired Proviſion during the Exiſtence of thoſe Acts.---Acts which ſtrike at the very Root of our Conſtitution, by taking our Property without our Conſent, and depriving us of the Liberty of giving to our Sovereign.

With what Juſtice or Propriety can his Majeſty's Governors aſk ſuch Supplies, when all that is thought neceſſary is taken without our Concurrence. And what Encouragement have we to grant, when our giving would tend only to increaſe Burdens already grievous and oppreſſive.

We now beg Leave to aſſure your Honour, that when theſe Acts, ſo loudly and univerſally complained of by our Fellow Subjects in America, as unconſtitutional, ſhall be repealed, (an Event which we moſt ardently deſire, and hope is not far diſtant) and the Colonies thereby reſtored to that Degree of his Majeſty's Favour and Confidence, which they formerly enjoyed, and juſtly deſerve; and to their ancient, free and honourable Station, of granting or refuſing what ſhall be conſtitutionally required for his Majeſty's Service; as we will yield to none of his Subjects in Duty and Affection for his ſacred Perſon and Government, conſiſtent with that Duty which we owe to our Conſtituents; ſo we will at all Times rejoice in every Opportunity of manifeſting them, by a ready Attention to all Requiſitions on the Part of the Crown, and a ſpeedy and chearful Compliance with ſuch as ſhall appear to us juſt, reaſonable or neceſſary.

ORDERED,

That the ſaid Report be taken into Conſideration on Monday next.

MONDAY, *the* 21*ſt Day of* AUGUST, 1769.

The Houſe (according to Order) proceeded to take into Conſideration the Report of the Committee appointed to prepare a Meſſage to be ſent to the Lieutenant-Governor, to acquaint his Honour, that this Houſe cannot agree to make any Proviſion for Barrack Neceſſaries for the Troops now in this Province. And the ſaid Meſſage being read a ſecond Time, was agreed to.

ORDERED,

That the ſaid Meſſage be engroſſed.

WEDNESDAY, *the* 23*d day of* AUGUST, 1769.

The Meſſage to his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, being engroſſed according to Order:

ORDERED,

That Mr. Speaker do ſign the ſame.

ORDERED,

That Mr. Rutledge and Mr. Williamſon do wait on his Honour the Lieutenant-Governor, with the ſaid Meſſage.

New Advertiſements.

For LONDON,

To ſail on Tueſday the 12*th of September:*

The Ship MERMAID,

SAMUEL BALL, ſen. Maſter.

She has two-thirds of her Cargo already engaged.

FOR Freight of the Remainder, or for Paſſage (having ſuperior Accommodations to any Ship in the Trade) apply to ſaid Maſter on Board, or to ISAAC MOTTE, & Co.

JOHN BRAUND, & Co.

DESIRES all Perſons whatever, who have any Demands againſt them, to ſend in their Accompts to JOHN MARLEY, in order to be ſettled; in whoſe Hands the Books of Accompts, &c. ſince the 1ſt of January, 1766, to the 1ſt of January, 1769, are lodged: And all Perſons indebted to the ſaid Co-partnerſhip, are requeſted to make ſpeedy Payment to the ſaid JOHN MARLEY.

JOHN BRAUND,
MICHAEL KALTEISEN,
JOHN MARLEY.

N. B. *They request all Perſons whatever, not to pay any Money on their Account to any of their Carters.* 6w.

SHIP-CHANDLERY.

A Large and complete Aſſortment, juſt imported, in the *Queen Charlotte*, Captain *Chamberlin*, from LONDON; likewiſe, a Cargo of Dry Goods: Which will be ſold at a ſmall Advance, by WILLIAM HULME,

The South Corner of Elliott-Street, on the Bay.

Where he continues to ſell, very cheap, as uſual, fine old Jamaica, Barbados, and Northward Rums, by the Hogſhead, Quarter-Caſk, or ſmaller Quantity; Madera Wine, by the Pipe, Quarter-Caſk, or Dozen; Briſtol Beer, and Porter in Bottles, by the Dozen.

MRS. JOHNSON gives Notice, That ſhe has now Vacancies for two young LADIES Boarders, at her School in CHURCH-STREET.

She has, ſometime ſince loſt, a red COW, markt with an upper Slope in each Ear, and branded JOW in one, and will reward any Perſon that brings her Home.

TO BE SOLD, at NEILSON's *Ferry, on* THURSDAY *the* 14*th Day of* SEPTEMBER *next:*

THREE NEGROES, belonging to JAMES BEARD, and under Mortgage to the Subſcriber. The Conditions is caſh; the Property not to be altered, until the Money is paid, to JARED NEILSON.

TO BE SOLD, by private Sale.

A LOT of LAND in King-Street, with a Dwelling-Houſe, Kitchen, and Out-Houſes thereon, being 21 Feet in Front on King-Street, and 100 Feet in Depth, almoſt oppoſite to Mr. THOMAS LEGARE's, and where Mr. ROBERT HARVEY now lives. Any Perſon inclinable to purchaſe the ſame, may apply to JOHN HARVEY, Jun.

Gooſe Creek, Auguſt 28*th*, 1769.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber, about a Fortnight ago, a Negro Fellow named PETER, a ſhort, well-ſet black Fellow, about 30 Years of Age, formerly the Property Thomas Sumpter, of Santee, where he is ſuppoſed to be gone; he had on when he went away, an old Negro Cloth Jacket, and red Breeches, and his Blanket. And Yeſterday, a Muſtee Wench named MARIA, formerly the Property of Samuel Samways, of James-Iſland, and is well known in Town and on James-Iſland, where ſhe is ſuppoſed to be harboured; ſhe carried all her Cloaths with her. And this Day alſo ran away, a Negro Fellow, named PRINCE, formerly the Property of Mrs. Sarah Ward, who paſſed in ſeveral Places (where he was not known) for a free Man ſome Time ago; he is well known in Town and Country. This is therefore to forwarn all Perſons whatever, from harbouring, entertaining, employing or carrying off the Province either of the ſaid Slaves, as they ſhall anſwer the Contrary according to Law. I therefore offer a Reward of FIVE POUNDS each for PETER and MARIA, and TEN POUNDS for PRINCE; to be paid on delivery of them to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, or JAMES STRATER at Gooſe-Creek; and FIFTY POUNDS to any white Perſon that will prove where either of them is harboured, and TEN POUNDS to a Negro.

WILLIAM WOOD.

FOREIGN INTELLIGENCE.

BASTIA, MAY 25.

MANY of the Corſicans have collected themſelves together again on the other ſide of the mountains, from whence it ſeems as if they yet would endeavour to give ſome diſturbance to the King's troops, who have now, however, but very few places to ſubdue. The late conqueſts have coſt the French army between 5 and 6000 men. All is in conſternation at Iſola Roſſa; 150 of the inhabitants have embarked on board an Engliſh veſſel for Oneglia, ſome others are gone in a Neapolitan felucca to Leghorn.

MAY 27.

General Paoli perceiving the fortreſs of Corte unable to withſtand the vigorous efforts of our troops, ſet at liberty all the priſoners of war that were in that place, which ſurrendered to the French the twenty-firſt of May, upon their own terms. The Count de Vaux has prohibited all perſons from moleſting the chief Paoli, who is now at Vevario, where he has joined M. Abatocci with their reſpective corps, and where, it is ſaid, having been attacked by 4000 French troops, the latter were repulſed with great loſs. Count de Vaux has ſet a reward of 500 lougis upon the head of Capt. Sliceti, who is continually diſturbing the King's troops.

LONDON, JUNE 10.

We are informed that the circular letter, ſent by the Society of the Bill of Rights into different parts of the country, has already been attended with unexpected ſucceſs, and that there ſeems to be no doubt, but they will be able to compromiſe the whole of Mr. Wilkes's debts in a reaſonable time.

We are told the above gentleman appears to be affected with the deepeſt ſenſe of gratitude for the extraordinary marks of friendſhip and generoſity which the public has ſhewn him.

JUNE 12.

We hear the news-printers in Scotland have refuſed to inſert the advertiſements of the Supporters of the Bill of Rights.

The Solicitor to the Committee of the Bill of Rights has compromiſed 4000 l. more of Mr. Wilkes's debts, ſince the laſt meeting of the Society.

Charles Proby, Eſq; is appointed commander in chief of his Majeſty's ſhips in the Mediterranean, in the room of Commodore Spry: He is to hoiſt his pendant on board the Pembroke at Portſmouth.

JUNE 13.

It is reported that the Emperor of Germany propoſes ſoon to pay a viſit incog. to the Britiſh court.

This day Mr. Wilkes appeared in the court of Common Pleas, Weſtminſter-hall, before Lord Chief Juſtice Wilmot, to be charged in execution on the ſurrender of his bail on actions in that court for his debts.

Yeſterday Mr. Serjeant Glynn made a motion before Lord Chief Juſtice Wilmot in the court of Common Pleas, for Lord Halifax to produce the record of Mr. Wilkes's outlawry in that court, which he had pleaded and alledged, by to-morrow.

JUNE 14.

An evening paper ſays, "We hear the Freeholders of the County of Middleſex intend remonſtrating with the P-------t, at their next meeting; that the remonſtrance is now under conſideration; and it is expected it will be ſigned by more than the Petition which was preſented to his Majeſty.

It is expected that G----e B----s, Eſq. will preſent the County of Middleſex's remonſtrance to P-------t."

Yeſterday John Sawbridge, Eſq; took up his freedom in the company of Frame-Work-Knitters.

JUNE 15.

Yeſterday both Houſes of Parliament met, purſuant to their laſt prorogation, and afterwards, by virtue of a commiſſion from his Majeſty, were further prorogued to Wedneſday the 19th of July.

Yeſterday an expreſs arrived at Carleton Houſe, with an account of his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter's ſafe arrival in Holland.

Yeſterday the court of King's Bench made three rules abſolute againſt ſome printers of the public papers, for making too free with deſcribing Lord Irnham's pedigree, &c. his Lordſhip's affidavit made the court very merry, ſo it is to be hoped it will not turn out a ſerious affair.

Yeſterday Mr. Bingley, Bookſeller, was brought from the King's Bench to the court of Common Pleas, by writ of Habeas Corpus, to ſurrender himſelf to an action of debt, in order to be removed to the Fleet; and though it appeared, by the return of the writ, he was not in execution at the ſuit of the Crown, being only in cuſtody to anſwer interrogatories; the court was of opinion, they were *not* authoriſed to change the place of his confinement, and he was thereupon remanded back to the King's-Bench priſon.

JUNE 17.

By a letter from Campoloro, dated the 25th of May, inſerted in the Utrecht Gazette, which arrived yeſterday, we learn, that the brave Paoli, having been obliged to retire from Roſtino, in conſequence of a powder magazine having accidentally blown up, the General then marched to Corte, where he left a ſtrong gariſon, and confided the defence that city to ſeveral perſons whom he had great dependance on, and gave the command of the caſtle to Meſſrs. Guipeca and Carli; notwithſtanding all this, we have heard, to our no ſmall ſurpriſe, that the French took poſſeſſion of that city on the 21ſt inſtant, and that even the caſtle has ſurrendered, the gariſon having been terrified at the declaration of their enemies, who threatened to put them all to the ſword. The Pieve of Nieblo ſtill holds out couragiouſly. Paoli propoſed a ceſſation of arms for ſix days to Count de Vaux, who has not returned any anſwer; the former has retired, with two or three thouſand of his moſt faithful followers, to Ghiſoni.

A letter from Florence, dated June 1, after lamenting the fate of the brave Corſicans, and their General Paoli, on account of that iſland having (as the writer ſays) become a province of France, adds, "It is not certainly known where Paoli is, ſome ſay he is in the mountains with 4000 men, others, that he is gone to England. In the firſt attack the French were ſucceſsful; in the ſecond, the Corſicans had the advantage; in the third, the latter were beaten and diſperſed, and a general rout and maſſacre enſued. During the action one of the Corſican chiefs quitted his General with 800 men, whoſe arms were afterwards turned againſt their countrymen: upon which the Corſicans laid down their arms; part of them ſurrendered, and the reſt fled. It is all over with them! Eight or ten of the chiefs landed yeſterday at Leghorn."

It is ſaid that a very long converſation lately paſſed between a great Perſonage and a certain Nobleman, on the ſubject of Corſica being taken by the French.

Extract of a letter from the French army in Corte, dated May 22.

"We are now in Corte, which the Count de Vaux took poſſeſſion of yeſterday, not by force and the deſtruction of a great number of people, as we had imagined, but without ſtriking a blow. In order to intimidate the Corſicans, he had threatened the commandant that he would put all the gariſon to the ſword and burn the city, if the leaſt reſiſtance was made. This firm declaration intimidated the gariſon, who ſoon ſurrendered. The province of Balagna has ſubmitted; and M. d'Arcambal has rendered himſelf maſter of Iſola-Roſſa."

According to letters from Berlin, his Pruſſian Majeſty had juſt ſent off a courier, with extraordinary diſpatches, for the Court of Peterſburgh.

It is ſaid the M-------y are far from being conſidered on a firm baſis. The late contentions among themſelves, about appointing their creatures to office; the extravagant plan of meaſures laid down to be purſued the next winter; and the mutability of opinion, and conduct of the Premier, regarding any ſtep that is propoſed or taken, are reaſons, with the judicious, that demonſtrate

the declining way the M------y are in at present, and the proſpect of their approaching diſſolution.

JUNE 19.

The petition to a great Perſonage, which is intended to be laid before the Livery on Saturday next, is ſaid to be prepared, and to have had the approbation of ſeveral eminent perſons.

We are now informed there will be no change in the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland.

The miniſterial agents have been, and are ſtill very induſtriouſly canvaſſing, and making intereſt, in all parts of the city, to counteract the deſigns of the Livery on Saturday next; w. ch is the day for the choice of Sheriffs at Guildhall.

JUNE 20.

Yeſterday at noon ſome diſpatches arrived in town from Sir Joſeph Yorke, ambaſſador at the Hague, which were immediately ſent to his Majeſty at Richmond.

By the expreſs from the Hague, it is ſaid, that his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Glouceſter has had a private interview with the Pruſſian miniſter reſiding at that court.

A letter from Leghorn, dated May 27, after mentioning the French having taken Roſtino and Calinca in Corſica, and Gen. Paoli's retreat into the mountains, adds, "This ſudden change in the affairs of the unfortunate Corſicans, is imputed to the treachery of their principal chiefs, who, inſtead of defending the places committed to their care, baſely delivered them into the hands of the French. *Sic tranſit gloria Corſicæ!*"

We hear that a council is ſummoned to be held to-morrow at St. James's, on affairs of importance, relative to diſpatches from the continent.

They write from Minorca, that they are buſy in building two naval dock-yards there, capable of receiving firſt rate ſhips of the line, and ſeveral chief builders, caulkers, and riggers, are ſoon expected from his Majeſty's yards at Portſmouth and Plymouth.

This morning ſeveral Gentlemen of rank and fortune viſited Mr. Wilkes.

JUNE 21.

The report that has been circulated of late with ſo much induſtry, "That a proſecution would be commenced againſt the Middleſex Freeholders, for preſenting their petition to the King," was ſent abroad with a view to deter the Livery of London from aſſerting their own conſtitutional rights on Saturday next. It is true that there is a precedent of ſuch a proſecution in the reign of James the Second, whoſe Miniſters (by command of their Maſter) proſecuted the Biſhops for preſenting a petition to him.---It is very remarkable, that at the above time the Sheriffs of London and Middleſex happened to be honeſt men, who refuſed to pack the Juries, in obedience to the court, and therefore the Biſhops were acquitted; to the great joy of the whole kingdom, and the immortal honour of the Jury who tried them.

JUNE 22.

Yeſterday an expreſs was ſent from St. James's to Sir James Grey, his Majeſty's ambaſſador at the court of Spain.

Yeſterday a wardmote was held in Leather-ſellers Hall, Great St. Helens, Biſhopſgate-ſtreet, to conſider of a proper perſon to repreſent that ward as an Alderman, in the room of Sir Matthew Blackiſton, who had reſigned; when a copperſmith of Houndſditch nominated Mr. Deputy Roſſeter, hatter in Nicholas-lane, Cannon-ſtreet; which was ſeconded by one voice only: then Mr. Richard Townſend, ironmonger in Gracechurch-ſtreet, and Deputy of Biſhopſgate ward, put James Townſend, Eſq; in nomination, who was unanimouſly approved of. High words aroſe, in conſequence, between the opponents, which ended in their being obliged to leave the Hall in ſome confuſion.

They write from Paris, that ſome diſpatches of moment had juſt been received at Verſailles from the court of Turin.

We hear from Amſterdam, that a number of Corſican families had juſt arrived in the Texel on board ſeveral Dutch merchantmen from the Mediterranean.

An extraordinary number of conſtables are ordered to attend at Guildhall on Saturday next, when the election for Sheriffs comes on, when warm work is expected.

The Venus frigate, with his Royal Highneſs the Duke of Cumberland on board; alſo the Seaford and Tweed ſhips of war, ſailed from Portland Road on Sunday afternoon for the Mediterranean.

JUNE 24.

Yeſterday morning the Right Hon. the Lord Mayor held a Wardmote, at Biſhopſgate Church, for the election of an Alderman for Biſhopſgate Ward, in the room of Sir Matthew Blackiſton, Bart. who reſigned: when James Townſhend, Eſq. member for Weſtlooe, in Cornwall, was choſen without oppoſition.---Some perſon put up Mr. Deputy Roſſiter, but no one ſeconded the motion---Mr. Townſhend made a very genteel ſpeech after his election; but, at the ſame time, obſerved, that the ſatisfaction he felt on the honour conferred on him, prevented his being able to expreſs the grateful ſenſe he had of it, in the manner he could have wiſhed; but that his future life ſhould be dedicated to the ſervice and intereſt of this great city in general, and the above ward, in particular.

This day came on the Election of Sheriffs for the city of London and county of Middleſex at Guildhall, before the moſt numerous and reſpectable body of liverymen perhaps ever aſſembled on the like occaſion. The court opened preciſely at one o'clock, when the recorder coming forward to open the buſineſs of the day, the hiſſing was ſo great he could not proceed, the livery crying out *The Petition! the Petition!*

My Lord Mayor then aſſured them, "that if they would ſuffer the buſineſs of election to go on, he would afterwards hearken to any *proper* propoſal that ſhould be made."

Mr. Vaughan commented on the word *proper*, leſt it ſhould afterwards become a matter of diſpute; but Mr. Bellas cleared up that matter, by aſſuring them, in the name of his Lordſhip, the buſineſs of the petition ſhould be conſidered. Mr. Recorder then ſpoke to the following effect: "He told them, *That he did not intend to obtrude any opinion of his own, on the Gentlemen of the Livery, what he had to ſay was officially, and when it was over, his buſineſs was done.*" He then deſcanted on the importance of the office of Sheriff, and concluded, with obſerving, "*That honeſt, reputable, conſcentious men ſhould be their objects, in their preſent choice.*"

Thirteen Candidates were then put in nomination, among whom were James Townſhend, and John Sawbridge, Eſqrs. who, upon the holding up of hands, carried it almoſt unanimouſly. What was very remarkable, amongſt the other eleven, there were but two hands up.

The Lord Mayor, agreeable to his promiſe, then came into court, and ſaid, he was ready to hear the Livery's propoſal; on which Mr. Lovel got up, and ſpoke for near a quarter of an hour, on the many grievances the Liverymen in common, with their fellow-citizens laboured under. After he had finiſhed, there was a propoſal made, which was carried *una voce*, whether the petition ſhould be then read; it was read accordingly; but my Lord Mayor begged to make one alteration, which was this, "that inſtead of *The humble petition of the Lord Mayor, Aldermen, and Livery of the city of London*," it ſhould run thus, "*The humble petition of the Livery of the city of London.*" The petition was then read a ſecond time, with this alteration, and was univerſally approved of. A propoſal was then made by Mr. Vaughan, that the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, and Members of the city of London, ſhould be requeſted to wait on his Majeſty, with this petition, which, upon holding up of hands, was univerſally approved of. Sir Robert Landbroke then came forward, and told the Gentlemen of the Livery, "*That he had not only aſſented to this propoſal, but thought it his duty.*" Alderman Beckford being next, addreſſed them, "*by aſſuring them, he was ever at the ſervice of the Livery of London; that, in regard to giving in the petition, it was a requeſt that made him happy, as it agreed entirely with his own opinion: And that as to the particulars of the petition now read, as far as he could judge, from twice hearing it, he knew moſt, if not all, of the particulars, to be facts, and concluded, by referring to his conſcience, for the uprightneſs of his intentions.*" Mr. Alderman Trecothick next ſpoke, to the ſame effect; and ſaid, he was happy on attending his brother members on this occaſion.

It is ſaid, that the petition of the Livery of London, is to be preſented to his Majeſty, at St. James's, to-morrow, by the Lord Mayor, Sheriffs, and the three city Members.

Seven petitions are expected to be delivered to a great perſonage on Wedneſday next.

The cold collation given by Alderman Townſhend, at the London tavern laſt night, was extremely elegant; near 600 gentlemen attended, 532 of whom ſat down to ſupper, 130 wax tapers were lighted up, many patriotic and conſtitutional toaſts were drank, but the moſt applauded was "Alderman Wilkes, and the laws of the land."

A perſon who obtruded himſelf to the above entertainment, being ſcented as a ſpy from the m------y, was kicked down ſtairs.

This morning a great number of Freeholders of the county of Surry, breakfaſted at the Royal-Oak Inn, at Vauxhall, with Sir Joſeph Mawbey, Baronet, after which they ſet out, with French horns, for the county meeting at Epſom.

CHARLES-TOWN, AUGUST 31.

ON Friday laſt Major Cheſolm, who had the Command of His Majeſty's 21ſt Regiment, or the Royal Scotch Fuſileers, ever ſince they have been here, and whoſe Conduct, in every Reſpect, has gained him univerſal Eſteem, with Lieut. Phyn, of the ſame Regiment; Thomas Smith (of Broad-Street) Eſq; with ſeven young Gentlemen under his Care, to be placed for Education in one of the North-American Colleges; Mr. John Potter, and ſeveral other Paſſengers, embarked in the new Brigantine Prince of Wales, commanded by Capt. Thomas Maſon, for Philadelphia.

The ſame Day embarked in the Scooner Expedition, commanded by Capt. John Doran, and the next Day ſailed for St. Auguſtine, the Company of His Majeſty's Royal Regiment of Artillery, commanded by Capt. Goſtling, which arrived here in the King George Tranſport, in laſt.

The ſame Day died, Mrs. Elizabeth Clitherall, the Wife of Dr. James Clitherall.

Letters from Dominica of the 30th of July, give an Account of a violent Hurricane on the 26th, which had been felt there and at ſome other Iſlands. At Roſeau, the Metropolis, a Snow, Capt. Adnett, with Sugar and Coffee, a Sloop with Bread and Flour from Philadelphia, a Scooner from Barbados, and ten other Scooners and Sloops (moſtly French) were totally loſt: At the Saints, two Ships, one with 500 Hogſheads of Sugar and 200 Bales of Cotton: At Martinique, one Veſſel. But in Prince Rupert's Bay, two Ships that were drove aſhore, had been got off.

The ſame Letters adviſe, of the Marriage of John Greg, Eſq; Secretary to the Hon. Commiſſioners for the Sale of the ceded Iſlands, to a young Lady at St. Vincent's, of Accompliſhments far ſuperior to her great Fortune.

Many Inſtances of extraordinary Longevity might be given in Natives of this Province, to prove that it is as healthy as moſt Parts of North America; but it is obſervable, that thoſe who arrive to great Ages here, have not paſſed their Days in Idleneſs and Intemperance.---There are are two Siſters now in this Town, and a Brother of theirs but a few Miles out of it, all born in the Province, whoſe Ages put together make upwards of 230 Years.

The Embarkation of His Majeſty's 21ſt Regiment is again deferred, as we hear, till a ſufficient Quantity of Bread can be provided, to victual the Tranſports for their Voyage to Cork.

We are told, that one of the Paſſengers in the laſt Ship from London, is come over on Purpoſe to contract, through this Continent, *for* RAW HIDES: *But, if ſuch is his Buſineſs, he will moſt certainly be diſappointed.*

We are alſo told, that there are ſeveral Agents employed, to purchaſe all the HEMP *made in America, in order to ſave us the Trouble of manufacturing that Commodity as well as Leather.*

The Penſylvanians are ſo intent upon eſtabliſhing and promoting Manufactures in that Country, that many there declare, they are not at all ſolicitous for the Repeal of the late Revenue Acts.

Laſt Thurſday Night, and every Night ſince, a remarkable COMET has been obſerved here, riſing in the Eaſt a little after the Seven Stars; its Tail, which appears very long, extending to the South-Weſt. Farther Obſervations, from the Ingenious, will be thankfully received for this Paper.

*** *Advertiſements omitted this Week, in order to make Room for News, will have good Places in our next.*

Timothy's Maxine Liſt.

Auguſt	Arrivals at Charles-Town,	From
25*th*.	Ship Live-Oak, Andrew Lundberry,	Briſtol
	Sloop Polly, Joſeph Blewer,	Philadelphia
26*th*.	Scooner Molly, James Smith,	Cape-Fear
	Sloop Mitcham, Moſes Townſend,	Dominica
28*th*.	Snow John, John Fletcher,	Grain Coaſt of Guiney
	Sloop Hope, Francis Williams,	St. Euſtatius
	Sloop Little-Betſey, Downham Newton,	New Providence
29*th*.	Brigantine Porgy, Jeremiah Baſſett,	Bay of Honduras
31*ſt*.	Sloop Nancy, James Rogers,	St. Auguſtine
Auguſt	Sailed,	For.
25*th*.	Brigantine Prince of Wales, Thomas Maſon,	Philadelphia
26*th*.	Brigantine Hercules, John Hatter,	Dominica
	Scooner Expedition, John Doran,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop Henry, Edward Todd,	St. Chriſtopher
28*th*.	Scooner Charming Jenny, George Pitt,	Antigua
	Sloop Benjamin, Nathaniel Dickinſon,	Barbados
30*th*.	Scooner Molly, James Smith,	Cape-Fear
	Remain windbound or cleared,	For
	Brigantine Sally, Benajah Alger,	Jamaica
	Scooner Cannon, Charles Smyth,	St. Auguſtine
	Way ſail betwixt this and our next.	For
	His Majeſty's P. Boat *Swallow*, Capt. *E. Bayley*,	Falmouth
	Brigantine Dembia, Francis Bare,	Liverpoole
	Ship Mary, James Gordon,	St. Auguſtine
	Snow Sally, Richard Purſs,	&
	Brigantine Harriet, Charles Dawſon,	Cork
	Scooner Bro'ton-Iſland Packet, Peter Bachop,	St. Auguſtine
	Sloop St. David, John Sawyer,	Antigua
	Sloop Sally, Joſeph Blewer,	Philadelphia
	Other Veſſels in Port.	
	Ship Mermaid, Samuel Ball,	London
	Ship Cato, William Gill,	Liverpoole
	Sloop Montagu, Hinſon Todd,	Jamaica
	Sloop Maeſe, Thomas Blundell,	

New Advertiſements.

WHITE and coloured Plains, juſt imported in the LIVE-OAK, Captain LUNDBERRY, from BRISTOL, to be ſold reaſonably, by

THOMAS-LOUGHTON & ROGER SMITH.

They have to diſpoſe of, very cheap, a Dozen of Engliſh Walnut Chairs, and two Elbow Chairs to ſuit, with Horſe-hair Seats.

AS the Subſcriber intends ſoon to leave the Province, ſhe begs the Favour of all Perſons indebted to the Eſtate of Capt. HENRY RICHARDSON, deceaſed, to call and diſcharge their reſpective Debts, by the 1ſt Day of November next at fartheſt: And all thoſe who have any juſt Demands againſt the ſaid Eſtate, are once more deſired to ſend in their Accompts, properly atteſted, to

ELIZABETH RICHARDSON, Executrix.

WILLIAM McCORMICK, of Cooſaw-Iſland, informs me of the following Strays, viz. A bright bay Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, about twelve Hands high, riſing three Years old, neither docked or branded.

A brown bay Mare, with a Star in her Forehead, her off hind Foot white, about twelve Hands high, riſing three Years old, neither docked or branded. The Owner muſt prove his Property before ANDREW AGGNEW.

Beaufort, Auguſt 19th, 1769.

SALES by the Provoſt-Marſhal.

On Tueſday the 12th of September *next, will be* SOLD *at* PUBLIC VENDUE, *at the uſual Place in* Charles-Town,

A PLANTATION or Tract of Land, containing three hundred Acres, ſituate on the North Side of Enoree-River, bounded to the Southward on ſaid River, and on all other Sides on Land lately vacant.

Two hundred Acres, ſituate on the North Side of ſaid River, bounding South-Weſt on ſaid River, and North-Weſt on Land of Jacob Pennington.

One hundred Acres, ſituate on the South Side of ſaid River, bounded to the North-Eaſt by ſaid River, to the North-Weſt on Land of Robert Hannah, all other Sides by vacant Land.---Late the Property of ſaid Robert Hannah, and ſold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, *P. M.*

On TUESDAY *the 12th Day of* SEPTEMBER *next, will be ſold, at public Vendue, at the uſual Place in Charles-Town;*

A PLANTATION or TRACT of LAND, containing 250 Acres, ſituate at the Congarees, in Craven County, bounding to the North-Weſt by Land held by ----- Twitty, North-Eaſt by Land laid out to David Webb, South-Eaſt by Land of Joſeph Curry, South-Weſt by the Congaree River.

Three Hundred and Fifty Acres, upon Jackſon's-Creek in Craven-County, butting and bounding on all Sides by Land vacant at the Time of the Grant.

Three Hundred Acres on Boggy-Gut, bounded on all Sides by Land vacant at the Time of the Grant; late the Property of THOMAS GREEN, and ſold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

ALSO, all that Southernmoſt Parcel or Eighth-Part of Nine Acres and Six Perches of LAND, ſituate, lying and being in St. Philip's Pariſh, butting and bounding Weſtward on the Broad-Path, leading to and from Charles-Town, Southwardly on an Avenue leading from the ſaid Path, to the Plantation lately belonging to George Auſtin, Eſq; Eaſtwardly on Lands late of the ſaid Auſtin, and Northwardly on another Part of the ſaid Lot; late the Property of EDWARD JONES, and ſold under Execution, by ROGER PINCKNEY, P. M.

Mr. WALTON

Takes the Liberty of informing the Public,

THAT he has opened his ACADEMY for inſtructing YOUTH in the ENGLISH LANGUAGE, and initiating them in SEVERAL OTHER NECESSARY AND ORNAMENTAL BRANCHES OF EDUCATION, at Mr. Allwood's, in Queen-Street; where regular Attendance is given from Nine to Twelve in the Morning, and from Three to Six in the Afternoon.

Such Parents, who are pleaſed to favour him with the Care of their Children, may, whenever they chuſe, have free Acceſs to his Academy, in order to obſerve the Mode of Education, and may likewiſe have a Peruſal of any of his Lectures.

He purpoſes to attend young Ladies at their own Houſes, and to inſtruct them in reading and ſpeaking the Engliſh Language with Propriety, as well as to give them a Taſte for Geography and Hiſtory.

N. B. There is a Room, at the Academy, for young Ladies, diſtinct from that in which the young Gentlemen are to be.

A CONSIGNMENT of GOODS,

Lately imported, in the Ship NANNY, DAVID PERRY *Maſter, from* LIVERPOOLE, *conſiſting of*

FINE white Negro Cloth, and ſtriped Duffils, Silk and Cotton India Goods, Manchеſter Goods, Cambricks, Lawns, Linens, Oſnabrugs, Sheeting, Dowlas, and Sail Cloth, Barcelona black Silk Handkerchers and Cravats, Thread Hoſe, Breeches Pieces, and Felt Hats: To be ſold, at *Eight* and an *Half for One*.

ALSO, very cheap double-refined Sugar, Red Port, ſweet Mountain and Liſbon Wine, long-necked Quart Bottles, Smoaking-Pipes, Gun-Powder, and coarſe Salt, by HEAD & GIBALL.

GEORGE THOMSON

HAS JUST IMPORTED,

In the MERMAID, *Captain* BALL, *from* LONDON,

A Freſh Supply of white and coloured Plains, and beſt London Duffil Blankets; which, with his former Aſſortment of Goods, he will diſpoſe of on the moſt reaſonable Terms, at his Store in Tradd-Street.

JUST IMPORTED,

In the MERMAID, *Captain* BALL, *from* LONDON,

BEST London Duffils, Nails, Axes, Ox-Chains, Plane-Irons, ſmall Box-Irons, Sad-Irons, Pot-Hooks and Racks, Briar-Scythes, Stones and Pillars, Rice-Sickles, Shovels, Bellows, Braſs Mortars and Peſtles, Wool-Cards, Iron Tea-Kettles, Coffee and Chocolate-Pots, Night and Lock Beer-Cocks, Kitchen Furniture of all Kinds, Cabinet-Makers, Carpenters, Bricklayers, and Coopers Tools in general, a few Cheſts of Tools for Gentlemen's Uſe, very handſome Grates and Fenders; which, with a general Aſſortment of other Goods, proper for the Seaſon, are to be ſold at the moſt reaſonable Terms, at my Store on the Bay.

THOMAS WALTER.

FIFTEEN Hundred Pounds to be lent at Intereſt, on good perſonal Security. Apply by Letter, mentioning the Parties Names, to the Printer.

TO BE SOLD, at public Vendue, on Tueſday the 12th Day of September next (for Cash;)

TWO NEGRO WENCHES, being Part of the Eſtate of JOSEPH ORAM, deceaſed. The Property not to be altered, until the Terms are complied with, by

FRANCES WILLIAMS, *Adminiſtratrix.*

DANIEL BOURDEAUX,

Has juſt imported, in the Brigantine HARRIETT, CHARLES DAWSON *Maſter, from* JAMAICA:

CHOICE Jamaica RUM, and Muſcovado SUGARS: Which he will diſpoſe of Reaſonably, by the Hogſhead; as alſo a few Bags of excellent COFFEE, by the Bag. (t. f.)

JAMES McCALL

Has juſt imported, in the Ship LLOYD, *Captain* POCOCKE, *from* BRISTOL:

A VERY VALUABLE and COMPLEAT CARGO OF GOODS:

Amongſt many Articles are,

HAndſome flowered Silks, India bordered Chints, Silk Petticoats, Brocade and Sattin Pumps, Silk Umbrelloes, blond Laces, white, blue, and green Pavillion Gauze, Silk, Straw, and Chip Hats, Fans and Ribbons, Mens and Womens very neat Saddles, complete; Hoſe and Shoes of all Sorts, Wilton Carpeting, and Carpets for Rooms and Tables, very handſome China and Glaſs Flower Potts, very neat Glaſs Salvers, with Buckets and Baſkets, Glaſs Shades, Bird Fountains, Candleſticks, &c. China, Earthen, Stone and Queens Ware of all Sorts; red Hearth-Tiles, 9 and 12 Inches ſquare; neweſt faſhion Broad Cloths, Wiltons, Whitneys, &c. ready made Cloaths, white, blue, and green Plains, ſtriped Duffil and Bed Blankets, Linens, Canvas, Drugs, Medicines, Plantation and Workmens Tools, Gun-powder, Shot, Lead, Iron and Nails, &c. a great Choice of WOOL and COTTON CARDS, beſt double Glouceſterſhire Cheeſe, Beer, Cyder, Ale and Perry; Raiſins, Currants, Prunes, Figs, Almonds, Candy, and Sugar-Plumbs, &c. &c. &c.--Theſe, with a great Variety of USEFUL ARTICLES, are to be had at his Store, in Tradd-Street, remarkably Cheap, eſpecially for CASH.

*** A few Sixteen-Leaved painted Cloth SCREENS, Rural and Landſcapes, &c. alſo, handſome Braſs-mounted Fire-Grates, with Fenders, Shovels, &c. to be diſpoſed of Reaſonably.

BEST London and Bridport CANVAS of all Numbers.

Four very handſome RIDING CHAIRS.

Beſt London DUFFILS; Four and Five Penny NAILS, per Caſk, are offered for Sale at eight Hundred per Cent. Advance, by ROBERT SMYTH.

Who hath to diſpoſe of, a few Pipes and Quarter Pipes of old York Madera Wine; Jamaica and New-York Rum, per Hogſhead; Loaf-Sugar, per 100 Weight; dry old Mountain, old Sherry, Frontiniac, Port and Claret, old Hock and Rheniſh Wines; and old full-proof Coniac Brandy.

N. B. A Pair of PIER-GLASSES to be ſold cheap.

HARLESTON & BONNEAU,

HAVE juſt imported, in the Ship LLOYD, *Captain* POCOCK, *from* BRISTOL:

WHITE, blue, and green plains, duffils, bottled Cyder and Perry, Loaf Sugar, Linſeed Oil, and Paints, Window Glaſs, Stone Butter Pots, blue and white Water-jugs and Mugs, Milk-pans, an aſſortment of Ironmongery, Oznabrugs, Hair-Seating, Men and Boys Saddles and Furniture, Sheeting and Shirting Linen, beſt Engliſh Seed Oats, &c. &c. Theſe Articles are all of the beſt, and will be ſold on very moderate Terms, at their Store on the Bay.

Juſt imported from PHILADELPHIA, *in Captain* MASON, *and to be ſold on Colonel* Beale's *Wharf. by* THOMAS SHUTE,

A Neat light COACH, with compleat Harneſs, One RIDING CHAISE,
BAR IRON, aſorted,
WHITE BREAD, in Kegs,
MILK DITTO,
LEWIS's FLOUR, in Barrels and Half Barrels,
And PRESERVED CHERRIES, in ſmall Kegs, to make Cherry Bounce.

WILLIAM WILSON,

Having removed from the Bay to a Store the Eaſt End of Broad-Street, lately occupied by Mr. RICHARD WADE, *acquaints his Friends and Cuſtomers, That he has a freſh Aſſortment of* EUROPEAN *and* EAST-INDIA GOODS, *purchaſed by himſelf, to diſpoſe of on very reaſonable Terms: Amongſt which are,*

CROWLEY's broad Hoes, Axes, Coopers and Carpenters Adzes, grubbing Hoes, Saws, Hammers, Squares, Spades, Shovels, Nails of all Sorts, frying Pans, Iron Pots, Kitchen and Chamber Dogs with Backs, ſtock and Padlocks, Gimblets, Cotton and Wool Cards, Indian Corn-Mills, Steel Coffee-Mills, Sickles, dowling Bitts, Curry-combs, marking Irons, Steelyards, Slops of all Sorts, writing Paper, Quills, Wafers, playing Cards, Cutlery, Mens, Womens and Boys Beaver, Caſtor, and Felt Hats, Oils, Olives, Walnuts, Capers, Muſtard, Vinegar, Ribbons, black and coloured Perſians, Lutestrings, rich Peeling, Sattin, figured ditto, Half-Ell Modes, Bombazines, Tammies, Durants, Callimanco, Shalloon, Cambletts, Silk, Thread, Ferrets, Carnation Tape, Womens black Silk Gloves and Mitts, Shirt Buttons, Silk and Cotton Laces, Italian Crape, Barcelona Cravats and Handkerchers, Silk and coloured ditto, Womens and Girls Velvet Maſks, Leghorn and Chip Hats, brown and white Buckram, Braziery, Glaſs Ware, Window Glaſs 8 by 10, and 11 by 12, China Ware, Earthen ditto, Pewter, Hair-Powder, Shaving-Boxes, Powder ditto with Puffs, Sadlery, Hambro' Lead and Log-Lines, fiſhing Lines, deep Sea ditto 120 Fathom, Seine-Twine, Bed Cords, Shoe Thread, Glue, Needles and Pins, Mens and Womens Gloves, Fans, Oſnabrugs, Threads of all colours, Petticoats, Loaf Sugar, Currants, Raiſins, Cloves, Cinamon, Nutmegs, Pomatum, Poland Starch, Hyſon, Souchong, Green and Bohea Tea, Mens, Womens and Childrens Shoes, Ivory and Horn Combs, Tin Ware, Bed Lace, Pipes, Gun-Powder, Shot, Muſket and Piſtol Ball, Salt Petre, London Porter in Barrels and Bottles, Saffron-cut and Pigtail Tobacco, Rappee Snuff, Mens, Womens and Childrens Silk, Thread, Cotton and Worſted Hoſe, Breeches Patterns, Iriſh and Scotch Linens, Iriſh, Ruſſia and Home-made Sheeting, clear and long Lawns, ſtriped and flowered ditto, Checks of all Widths, Gown Patterns, Book and other Muſlins, Nankeens, Jeans, Ruſſia Drab, Oſnabrugs, Table Cloths, Fuſtians, Ravens Duck, brown Holland, Dowlas, corded and figured Dimities, two neat Tea-Kitchens, to be ſold cheap, with ſeveral other Articles, too tedious to enumerate.

N. B. Orders from the Country will be punctually anſwered, and the Produce of the Province taken in Payment.

St. John's Pariſh, Georgia, July 1, 1769.

Notice is hereby again given,

TO all Perſons who may ſtill have any demands againſt the eſtate of JOHN LUPTAN deceaſed, that unleſs they do bring the ſame in, properly atteſted, by the firſt day of January 1770, they will be excluded from any part thereof, the Executors being determined then to pay whatever ſhall remain in their hands, to the heirs of ſaid Luptan.

BENJAMIN ANDREW, SAMUEL JONES, } *Executors.*

JAMES OLIPHANT, JEWELLER,

Having removed from BROAD-STREET, *to the Shop lately poſſeſſed by Mr.* Petrie, *next door to Meſſrs.* Griffith & Cape, *on the* BAY;

BEGS leave to return his ſincere thanks to his FRIENDS and CUSTOMERS, for paſt, and hopes to merit their future favours, as he continues to make and ſell, all the different articles in that branch, of the neweſt faſhion, and upon the moſt reaſonable terms.

He engraves and enamels a variety of patterns of Motto RINGS and LOCKETS, forms hair for them into cyphers, ſprigs, flowers, trees, knotts, or any other devices; alſo engraves coats of arms upon ſeals, plate, &c.

N. B. The higheſt price given for old GOLD, SILVER or JEWELS, at ſaid ſhop.

Charles-Town, July 25th, 1769.

THE Subſcriber informs thoſe Gentlemen that have ſent Mares to MORO, that, as the Groom died about Ten Days ſince, the Owner of the Horſe will not be anſwerable for any Accident that may happen to the Mares that have been ſent there; it is therefore requeſted that they may be ſent for, and the Money paid to Mr. *Thomas Gadſden*'s Clerk, or ANDREW RUTLEDGE.

N. B. *No Mares will be delivered without an Order from the Subſcriber.*

ALL Perſons who have any Demands on the Eſtate of WILLIAM SMITH, late of George-Town, deceaſed, are deſired to bring in their Accompts, properly atteſted; and thoſe indebted thereto, to diſcharge or ſettle the ſame immediately, with the Subſcriber in George-Town, which, if they neglect, they may depend upon being obliged to ſettle with an Attorney at Law in Charles-Town, however contrary to the Inclination of

HANNAH SMITH, *Adminiſtratrix.*

WHEREAS at a Court of Common-Pleas, begun and holden at CHARLES-TOWN, on Tueſday the 8th Day of Auguſt, Inſt. *Theodore Gaillard*, Jun. *James McCall, Charles Reily, William Miles, Tobias Ford*, and *Thomas Platt*, being duly ſummoned, and returned to ſerve as Jurors at ſaid Court, made Default, and were noted for Non-Appearance: THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE, that they will be fined in the Sum of FIVE POUNDS Proclamation-Money each, unleſs they ſhall reſpectively make good and ſufficient Excuſes, upon Oath, for their Non-Attendance, on or before Tueſday the 3d Day of October next.

JAMES JOHNSTON, D. C. C. P.

Pleas-Office, Auguſt 9th, 1769.

As I purpoſe going to ENGLAND *next Spring, having ſome Plantations to the Northward, and ſome on* New-River; *that my Intereſt may be managed with greater Facility in my Abſence, induces me to break up and diſpoſe of theſe my Midway* PLANTATIONS, *viz.*

THAT valuable PLANTATION called GREEN SAVANNA, in St. Paul's Pariſh, about twelve Miles from Stono-Bridge, containing about 2500 Acres of Land, fit for Rice and Indico, under good Dams, with good Reſervoirs of Water, and on or about one Mile on Ponpon-River, which ſaves great Labour in carting: The Pine-Land belonging to ſaid Tract, is extremely well timbered with a good Sort of Pine; a large new Barn, and a Machine that beats out four Barrels of Rice by Dinner Time, with a two Story Dwelling-Houſe, and all other convenient Buildings.

CHELSEA PLANTATION, at the Euhaws, on a Branch of the Okattie, about 500 Acres of Land for Rice and Indico, well timbered, with a Reſervoir of Water.

PUTNEY PLANTAION, adjoining, and bears the ſame Deſcription.

The Purchaſers may enter on the Premiſes in proper Time for planting next Year, and have two or three Years Credit if deſired, paying Intereſt. Mr. Samuel Parker, Manager at Green Savanna, and Mr. James Gignilliat, at Chelſea and Putney, will give the needful Information when applied to.

THOMAS SHUBRICK.

THE large and convenient HOUSE and STORES on the BAY, lately occupied by Mr. THOMAS GADSDEN, TO BE LETT. Enquire of JAMES PARSONS, or THOMAS SAVAGE.

To be Lett,

And may be entered on immediately.

A HOUSE in Tradd-ſtreet, oppoſite to WILLIAM BURROWS, Eſq'rs.---has ſix rooms, two dry cellars, a kitchen, and ſtore-room. Inquire of Mr. ABRAHAM ROULAIN, Cabinet-maker, in Tradd-ſtreet, or the ſubſcriber in St. Thomas's pariſh.

JAMES ROULAIN.

To be Lett,

(And may be entered upon immediately)

A Convenient BRICK HOUSE, which has ſeven good rooms, and twelve cloſets, with good cellars, a good kitchen and waſh-houſe, with cellars under them, a ſtable and chair-houſe, and a convenient yard and ſmall garden. For particulars, enquire of JOHN ROSE.

RUN AWAY from the Subſcriber,

A NEGRO FELLOW named TOM, of the Guiney Country, about five Feet eight Inches high, of a black Complexion, and ſpeaks but indifferent Engliſh; he had on when he went away in June laſt, a white Negro Cloth Jacket, and Crocus Trowſers; it is ſuppoſed he has travelled towards Orangeburg, where he formerly lived, and where he was twice taken laſt Year. Whoever delivers him to the Warden of the Work-Houſe, ſhall have TEN POUNDS reward, beſides reaſonable Charges; but, if Information is given of his being harboured, the whole Damages recovered from the Offender ſhall be paid to the Informer, by

WILLIAM BURROWS.

Who has to Lett, a very good STABLE, with Stalls for two Horſes.

MR. CHARLES BUTLER, in St. Bartholomew's Pariſh, informs me, That he has tolled a white MARE, about thirteen Hands and an Half high, branded on the mounting Shoulder O*t*, and on the mounting Buttock B. The Owner muſt prove his Property before

JOSIAH PERRY.

ANN NICHOLLS,

INFORMS her friends and cuſtomers, that ſhe is removed from Elliott-ſtreet into Bedon's-alley, next door but one to Mr. John Baker's, where ſhe carries on the MANTUA-MAKING BUSINESS as uſual.

Pedee, Aug. 8, 1769.

THOMAS WILLIAMS informs me, of a black HORSE, with one Glaſs Eye, about thirteen Hands and an Half high, eight or nine Years old, has a Star in his Forehead, trots, branded on the mounting Shoulder H; and on the mounting Buttock IC.

JOHN HICKS, of a dark bay MARE, twelve Hands and an Half high, branded on the near Shoulder ST, and both Ears cropt: And a bright bay MARE, thirteen Hands and an Half high, branded on the near Shoulder $\frac{T}{H}$, and has a ſmall Star in her Forehead.

GEORGE SWEETEN, of a dark bay HORSE, twelve Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder O, has a Star in his Forehead, and is about five Years old.

JOHN LYONS, of a ſorrel HORSE, a Star in his Forehead, his Right Shoulder ſlipt, branded on the mounting Shoulder I, and on the mounting Buttock IC, about fourteen Hands high, trots and paces.

The Owners of the above Strays, muſt apply to, and prove their Property, before CLAUD. PEGUES, J. P.

TAKEN UP by DAVID KEALL, near Purryſburgh, a black GELDING, about 14 Hands high, branded on the off Shoulder and Buttock $\frac{L}{B}$ in one, he both trots and paces, and hath ſeveral Saddle-Spots on his Back. The Owner may have him by proving his Property, at Purryſburgh, before me,

July 5th, 1769. JOHN-LEWIS BOURQUIN.

Black-River, Aug. 5, 1769.

Information has been given me of the following STRAYS, *viz.*

A Flea bitten grey GELDING, thirteen Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder IG, about nine Years old; a Trotter.

A dapple-grey GELDING, twelve Hands and an Half high, about ſeven Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder TI, and on the off Shoulder A; a Trotter.

A black GELDING, with a ſmall Star in his Forehead, fourteen Hands high, ſeven or eight Years old, branded on the off Buttock $\frac{D}{D}$; a Trotter.

And alſo a Mouſe coloured bay MARE, twelve Hands high, 4 Years old, branded on the mounting Shoulder thus —, and on the near Buttock the ſame. The Owners of the above Strays, muſt apply to, and prove their Property, before

HENRY CASSELS.

Amelia-Townſhip, Aug. 5, 1769.

A Grey MARE, twelve Hands high, ſix Years old, branded on the mounting Buttock ID.

A bay HORSE, thirteen Hands high, branded on the mounting Shoulder D, and on the Buttock on the ſame Side KS; a Trotter, Age unknown.

One bay Ditto, upwards of thirteen Hands high, and paces, branded on the off Shoulder 3L, on the off Buttock Ht, Age unknown.

One Iron-grey Ditto, thirteen Hands high, ſeven Years old, a Trotter, branded on the off Buttock 3, on the near Shoulder 3L. The Owners of the above Strays, muſt apply to, and prove their Property, before JOHN LIVISTON.

Auguſt 9, 1769.

TAKEN UP in my Incloſure,

A Bright bay GELDING, about fourteen Hands high, branded on the near Buttock 3M, and on the off Buttock and Shoulder thus MC and nB. The Owner muſt apply to

JOHN HUNT, J. P.

Charles-Town, Aug, 14, 1769.

RUN away from the Subſcriber, on the 9th Day of July laſt, a NEGRO FELLOW, named JOE, or CUDJOE, about five Feet eight Inches high, has one Leg conſiderably ſmaller than the other, ſpeaks very good Engliſh, and is very artful; he was born in Jamaica, and is as good a Corker and Sawyer as any in the Province. He is ſuppoſed to be gone to Georgia, where he has Relations at Mr. Parkinſon's, a Jamaica Gentleman, who has been in Georgia about ſix or eight Months. The above Negro is very well-known in Charles-Town, eſpecially on White-Point, having a Wife at Mr. John Minot's, where he has ſome Time before been harboured. I therefore offer a Reward of Five Pounds Currency if apprehended and brought to me, or delivered to the Warden of the Work-Houſe: Twenty Pounds will be given to any Perſon giving Information of his being harboured by a white Perſon, and Ten if ſecreted by a Negro, upon due Proof thereof; and if taken attempting to run from the Apprehender, a Reward of Thirty Pounds will be given for his Head, by

GEORGE NODDINGS.

RUN AWAY, about 4 Months ago,

FROM the Subſcriber, a young NEGRO MAN named CYRUS, formerly advertiſed; he has been ſeen at the Euhaws, where I believe he is harboured. Whoever delivers the ſaid Fellow to me, ſhall receive TEN POUNDS Reward, and on Conviction of the Offender, if a white Perſon, of harbouring him, THIRTY POUNDS, and if by a Negro TEN POUNDS. JOHN CHAMPNEYS.

N. B. A FRONT STORE in Tradd-Street, to be Lett; and about One Hundred Thouſand SHINGLES to be ſold Cheap.

Charles-Town, Aug. 1ſt, 1769.

AGREEABLE to the directions of an act of the general aſſembly of this province, intituled, "an act "to regulate the PRICE and ASSIZE of BREAD:"

I HAVE enquired the price of FLOUR, and find that imported from the *Northern* colonies to be at *five pounds* and *fifteen ſhillings, per hundred* lb. weight, and *Carolina* Flour at *three pounds* and *fifteen ſhillings*, (being both uſed by the bakers); at which price the HALF CROWN loaves muſt weigh, as follows:

Of NORTHWARD Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt	Of CAROLINA Flour.	lb.	oz.	dwt
White,	1	13	0	White,	2	11	0
Wheaten,	2	11	8	Wheaten,	4	0	8
Houſhold,	3	10	0	Houſhold,	5	6	0

Of which all Bakers of Bread are required to take due notice. BENJAMIN SIMONS, Com. Gen.

CHARLES-TOWN: Printed by PETER TIMOTHY.